## AMUSEMENTS.

NEW NATIONAL THEATER. Sole Lessee and Manager ...... Mr. J. G. SAVIGLE.

SATURDAY OCTOBER 7, GRAND MATHETS MATINEE AT 2 O'CLOCK, With Mr. Mathews in two pieces, A CURIOUS CASE-MR. GATHERWOOL. At Night three pieces

THE CRITIC, and ROBERT MACAIRE. MCNDAY, October 9, Mr. Mathews is new and

COOL AS A CUCUMBER.

WALL'S OPERA HOUSE -Brilliant and Un-qualified Success of the Great WAL TALLAS, and their Transatiantic Combination, LUTTLE BO PEFF, The COLLINS BROTHERS, M'SS LUC'E CLINET P. MISS FL. RENCE WELLS, MONS, HENRI DE KING and MLLE CELESTE DE KING. The Miliair Gymnasts; the Gorgeous Pris-maric Fountains of Goldand Silver Water, and the WALHALLA PANTOMIME COMPANY. Sents secured at Ellis
PROF. RISLEY, Business Manager.
Walhalls Matines saturday Afternoon. oct-4t

THE ST. AND SALE THE ST. MARKETTER'S. Mo. 486 Seventh street, between D and E streets eight doors above Odd Fellow's Hall.

Choice Oil Paintings. Engravings Chromos. &c.
Airo, Largest Stock Paper Hausings, Window Shades. Pictures. Frames. Picture Cords and Tassels Bings, Nails. &c. in the District.

TERMS, CASH.

Please remember Name and Number. ap23-ly\*

Please remember Name and Number. ap2-ly

POF. SHELDON S
FASHIONABLE DANCING ACADEMY,
NEW MEDICAL BUILDING, 1004 F st., near 10th,
will pen for the Season of 1871-2,
On SATURDAY, September 2, a, 3 30 p. m.
BAYS AND HOURS OF TUITION.
JUVENILE CLASS, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS,
and SATUEDAYS, 3:30 to 5 p. m.
LADIES' CLASS, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS,
and SATUEDAYS, 5 to 6 p. m.
GENTLEMEN'S CLASS, TUESDAYS and
GENTLEMEN'S CLASS, TUESDAYS and
THURSDAYS, 7:30 to 9 p. m.
Especial Class of Ledies and Gentlemen for the
"Boston," Tuesday and Thursday, 9 to 10 p m.
Beunion every Saturday, 7 to 10 p. m. For Ladies
and Gentlemen only; children will not be admitted
Ladies desiring to attend these Reunions will be required to make application for "Complimentary
Season Card of Admission," by post, to PROF.
SHELDON, 949 12th street N. W. If unknown to
Prof. S., a suitable reference should accompany the
note of application. NOTICE.—All pupils entering
the classes during September will receive 36 lessons
to the quarter. Private tuition and tuition in schools.
private families or private classes at any hour agreed
upon. Residence, No. 919 12th street, between I private families or private classes at any hour agreed upon. Residence. No. 919 12th street, between I and K streets.

## LECTURES. LECTURE SEASON OF 1871-72.

BRILLIANT SCIENTIFIC COURSE, UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE

YOUNG MEN'S CHLISTIAN ASSOCIATION, AT LINCOLN HALL. The Managers take pleasure in appounding that

the Regular Course of Fopular and Attractive Scientific Lectures will consist of ten Lectures, and will open on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. Sth. The Lectures and subjects are as follows: 1.—PAOF. SAMUEL D. HILLMAN, of Irickins a College. Two lectures, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, Nov. 8th and 10th. Sub-jects: 1. THE RACE IN SEARCH OF ITS GRAND-FATHERS. 2. THE PRIMEVAL MAN. 11 -REV. DR. JOHN LORD. the minent historical writer and lecturer. Two lectures. WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENING., Nov. 15th and 17th. Subjects will hereafter be an-

III.-PROF. A. ROHDE, of Hamturg. Two highly entertaining and instruc-tive illustrated Geological and Anthropological Kx-hibtions. WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVE-

IV.—PROF. HENRY MORTON.
of Stevens Institute, will give one new lecture in
December; date not yet fixed. Subject, probably,
ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM. The Association now considently expect to conclude the course with three lectures from the eminent V .- PROF. JOHN TYNDALL.

of England, the foremost scientific man of the present age in Europe. Prof. Tyndall contemplates a visit to this country, and has placed himself at the disposal of his scientific friends. Faller particulars of this great attraction at an early day. PRICES OF ADMISSION.

The Managers have resolved to place this course of Lectures within the reach of all, by fixing the following popular scale of prices:

Course Tickets, with Reserved Seats, for Gentleman and Lady, \$5. Course Ticket, with Reserved Seat, for One Per-Course Ticket for Members, without Reserved

Course Ticket for Members, without Beserved.
Seat. \$2.

Course tickets are transferable.

Course tickets can be had on and after Saturday morning, October 7, at Philip & Solomons'. Pennsylvania avenue, and at Ballantyne's, 402 7th street.

The diagram of the hall for the election of seats for the course will be open at Ballantyne's, where all tickets must be presented in order to secure TWO EXTRA LECTURES by

# JOHN R. GOUGH, in January, one of which will be entirely new. o5-3t

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. JAMES E. MORGAN, Office as d residence, No. 905 E STREET, near the General Post Office. Will be at his office in South Washington at 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. oc 4-tf NOTICE.-N. P. CHIPMAN has retired from the firm of CHIPMAN, HOSMES & CO., so far as

its business embraces the prosecution of claims against the Government.

The Land and Parent business will be conducted as heretolore. That relating to Law and Claim against the Government will be continued by H. S MER & CO. N. P. CHIPMAN. A. A. HOSMER.

R E M O V A L
DR. JOHN H. DARRAL L has removed
his DENTAL ROOMS to 1227 Pa. avenue,
over Franklin & Co., Opticians. oci-ly J.L. WOLF, M. D. SURGEON DENTIST.

SURGION DENTIST, and 18th streets. J. W. SEARS, M. D., 932 13TH STREET, NEAR I.

Special attention given to the Medical and Surgical Treatment of the Eye.

Best of references from Philadelphia, Baltimore, Virginia and Alabama.

Office hours from 8 to 10.3 to 4, and 7 to 9, sel3-1m

N. G. STARKWEATHER.

ARCHITECT,

ENGINEER AND SUPERINTENDENT.

All orders promptly executed. DRAWINGS for Building at reduced prices. Office at the old stand. Plant's Building, corner New York evenue and late attract.

E. L. SCHMIDT,
ATTORNEY AND
COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENT,
Columbia Law Building, Boom No. 4,5th street
between D and E.

C A B D JAMES E. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE SOUTH SIDE LOUISIANA AVENUE
No. 484, between 4% and 6th streets, a few doors east of Barbour's Law Building.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Specialty-Testamentary Law. JOHN F. HANNA,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 6 Young's Law Building,

Washington, D. C.

CABL RICHTER, TRACHER OF MUSIC, ses ly 935 Pa. ave., bet. 9th and loth sts.

B. CAULFIELD'S CLASSES VOCAL AND INSTAUMENTAL MUNIO

CHANGE OF PARTNERSHIP.

T SEATON DONOHO & CO.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS. &c.,

928 F STREET, between 9th and 10th streets.

Mr. SIMON JOSEPH has this day become a member of the above-named firm; Mr. GEORGE A.

DIGGES retired.

T. SEATON DONOHO,

A. H. M. TAYLOB,

SIMON JOSEPH.

October 5, 1871. October 5, 1871.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR AND WEIGHER OF COAL, with A.S. Pratt & Son, under Lincoln Hall, corner of 9th and D streets. All purchasers of coal desiring to have their coal inspected and weighed by a sworn weigher, without charge, agreeable to "An act prescribing the cuties of certain officers of the District of Columbia," approved Aug. 23, 1871, will please call as above. Aug. 23, 1871, will please call as above.
S. PRENTISS, oc5-3t\* Inspector and Weigher.

REICES! BRICKS!! BRICKS!!! \$00,000 BRICKS of all kinds on hand and fosale at lowest market rates.
SMITHSON & DUNN.
spl-1 1933 Four-and-a-Balf street, S. W.

BUNIONS, and all diseases of the FEET cured by
DR. J. F. HUNTER,
Surgeon Chiropodist,
Stablished 7 years in New York.

BUNIONS,
INGROWING NAILS
OCS-IM\*

Knenny S



Vol. 38-No. 5.792.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Following will be read with

The Cause and Cure of Consumption. The primary cause of Consumption is derangement of the digestive organs. This derangement produces deficient nutrition and assimilation. By assimilation I mean that process by which the nutriment of the food is converted into blood, and thence into the solids of the body. Persons with digestion thus impaired, having the slightest pre-disposition to pulmonary disease, or if they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the Lungs in some of its forms; and I hold that it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucus and slime, which is clogging these organs so that they cannot perform their functions, and then rouse up and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose the surest and best remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clear out the liver of all ciscased bile that has accumulated there, and rouse it up to a new and healthy action, by which natural and healthy bile is secreted.

The stomach bowels, and liver are thus cleaned.

red.
The essential thing to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good appetite and a good digestion, so that the body will grow in flesh and get strong. If a person has diseased lungs,—a cavity or abscess there,—the cavity cannot heal, the matter cannot ripen, so long as the system is below par. What is necessary to cure is a new order of things,—a good appetite, a good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get fat: then Nature is helped, the cavities will heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in

heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in large quantities, and the person regain health and strength. This is the true and only plan to cure Consumption, and if a person is very bad, if the lungs are not entirely destroyed, or even if one lung is entirely gone, if there is enough vitality left in the other to heal up, there is hope.

I have seen many persons cured with only one sound lung, live and enjoy life to a good old age. This is what Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to clear the system of all the disease that is in the lungs, whatever the form may be

It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold; keep in-doors in cold and damp weather; avoid night air, and take out-door exercise only in a gental and warm supshine

warm sunshine
I wish it distinctly understood that when I re

I wish it distinctly understood that when I recommend a patient to be careful in regard to taking cold, while using my Medicines, I do so for a special reason. A man who has but partially recovered from the effects of a bad cold is far more liable to a relapse than one who has been entirely cured; and it is precisely the same in regard to Consumption. So long as the lungs are not perfectly healed, just so long is there imminent danger of a full return of the disease. Hence it is that I so strenuously caution pulmonary patients against exposing themselves to an atmosphere that is not genial and pleasant. Confirmed Consumptives' lungs are a mass of sores, which the least change of atmosphere will inflame. The grand secret of my success with my Medicines consists in my ability to subdue inflammation instead of provoking it, as many of the faculty do. An inflamed lung cannot, with safety to the patient, be expessed to the biting blasts of Winter or the chilling winds of Spring or Autuana. It should be carefully shielded from all irritating influences. The utmost caution should be observed in this particular, as without it a cure under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.

without it a cure under almost any circumstances in

never seen.

about the first of October I expect to take possession of my new building at the northeast corner of Sixth and Arch streets, where I shall be pleased to

give advice to all who may require it.
Full directions accompany all my Remedies, so

that a person in any part of the word can be readily cured by a strict observance of the same.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D., Philadelphia.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, \$1.50 a bottle, or \$7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

THOMPSON LILLY & CO., 26 Hanover street Baltimore, Md., Wholesale Agents. sei-s.t.th,tr

Les & Perrins' Sauce.

Pronounced by Connoisseurs

"THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE."

It improves appetite and digestion, and it is un-

rivaled for its flavor.
We are directed by Messrs, LEA & PERRINS to

prosecute all parties making or vending counterfeits.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS.

Oreat Reduction.

IN OLD RYL AND BOURBON WHISKIES
BRANDIES, GINS, &c.,
of the following brands, viz:—Family Nectar
2 years old, \$2.50 per gal.; Robertson 4 do., \$3.50
do.; Bowler, 5 do.; Old Crow., 6 do., \$5 do., Baker, 6
do., \$5 do.; Pine Apple, (rectified.) \$1.50 do.;
Brandies-Larocheller, \$3 do.; do., (fine.) \$5 do.;
Hebnessey, 1864. \$7 do.; do., 1849. \$10 do.; Otard,
Dupuy & Co., 1888, \$10; California Brandy, \$6 do.;
Old Tom Gin. \$2.25; Cocktail Bitters. Blackberry
Brandy. Liberal discount to the trade.

C. GAUTIER.

Batchelor's Hair Dye

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world darmless, reliable, instantaneous, does not contain

Harmless, reliable, instantaneous, does not contain lead, nor any citalic poison to produce paralysis or death. Avoid the vaunted and delusive preparations boasting virtues they do not possess. The genuine W. A. Bachelor's Hair Dye has had thirty years untarnished reputation to uphold its integrity as the only perfect Hair Dye—Black or Brown. Sold by all druggists. Applied at 16 Bond street, New York.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POW-DER is the best article for cleansing and preserving teeth. Sold by all druggists. Price, 25 and 50 cents. JOUVEN'S INODOROUS KID GLOVE CLEAN-

ER restores soiled gloves equal to new. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. Price, 25

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT
OF COLUMBIA,
The 3d day of October, 1871.

E. C. Carrington, Jr., No. 2492, Equity Docket 11.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber has obtained from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a Special Term, letters testamentary on the personal estate of THOMAS HAVENNER, late of Washington county, D. C., deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 26th day of September next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 26th day of fep.ember, 1871.

BENJAMIN CHARLTON,

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT
OF C-ILUMBIA, holding a District Court
for said District, thin 3d day of

LEWIS

In the matter of MARCUE BICK VORD and LEWIS
W. SIW-4 BAUGH, trading, &c., as M. BICK.
FORD—In Bankruptcy, Bo. 196.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appintment as Assigned of MARCUS BICK FORD
and LEWIS W. SINSABAUGH, trading under the name, style and firm of M. BICK FORD, of Washington city, in the District of Columbia, who have been adjudged Bankrupts, upon their creditors' petition, by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a District Court in Bankruptcy, oc3-lawsw JOHN D. HEWMAN, Assigned

MADAME MAQUEBLOT, from Paris, SLAN
CHISSEUSE DE FIE, has removed to 7 30 12:11
street, between 6 and H streets, Curtains d no up
at \$1 a pair;

myll

Proprietors of the Native Wine Bitters, 1217 and 1219 Penn's avenue.

Agents, New York

The Cause and Cure of Consumption.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1871.

# EVENING STAR.

Washington News and Gossip.

INTERNAL REVENUE .- The receipts from this ource to-day were \$293, 168.13. TREATY SIGNED .- The President to-day

Empire and the United States. THE SCIENTIC LECTURES .- The sale of course tickets began this morning, and we would advise our people not to delay in making their selections, as the most eligible reserved seats are rapidly being disposed of. Tickets can be had at Philp & Solomons, Ballantyne's, and at the Young Men's Christian Association Rooms. The diagram of the hall is at Ballantyne's.

Under date of April 28th. 71, Dr. Henry J. Rogers, 68 Sharp street. Balvimore, an eminen physician, writes regarding CEYSTAL DISCOVERY:

"It aff rds me much pleasure to bear testimony as to the efficacy of your Crystal Discovery. Some years since, while in India I suffered it masswere jever peculiar to the country. On my recovering a patch of hair on the left side of my head became perfectly white, without stall affecting the remainder. To remove this unsightly appearance, I hadred asset o various preparations, both in Europe and this country; but they all had one great defect—they dyed the hair black. Now, with your Crystal Discovery, I can get the desired shade—the natural color of my hair being dark brown. I consider your Discovery the best preparation I know of.

Yours, truly, HENRY J. ROGERS."
Clean, clear, harmless, it furnishes the only safe preparation to give new life to the Hair, when de cayed or gray. It will stop the hair falling, and remove denoruff. Sold by many of the principal druggists and at depoy, 20 and D streets, N. W. oci-tr ARTHUR NATTANS, Discoverer, &c. CLERICAL CHANGES .- The following promotions and appointments have been made in the Post Office Department :- Philip A. Tracy, from second to third class clerk in the Appointment Office; Seth Hillman, from first to second class, same office; appointed-Cha les F. Loomis, first class clerk in the Appointment Office, and S. L. M. Conser watchman of the Department.

NAVAL AFFICERS ORDERED FROM WASHING-TON .- Lieut. Commander R. S. Chew has been detached from ordnance duty at the Washington Navy-yard and ordered to the Wyoming. Master Clifford H. West has been detached from the signal office here, and ordered to the same vessel. Chief Engineer George D. Em-mons has been detached from the Washington Navy-yard, and ordered to the Wyoming. has accumulated there, and rouse it up to a new and healthy action, by which natural and healthy bile is secreted.

The stomach, bowels, and liver are thus cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills; but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, the organ is torpid and the appetite poor. In the bowels the lacteals are weak, and requiring strength and support. It is has condition like this that Schenck's seaweed Tonic proves to be the most valuable remedy ever discovered. It is alkaline, and its use will neutralize all excess of acid, making the stomach sweet and fresh; it will give permanent tone to this important organ, and create a good hearty appetite, and prepare the system for the first process of a good digestion, and ultimately make good, healthy, living blood. After this preparatory treatment, what remains to cure most cases of Consumption is the free and persevering use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. The Pulmonic Syrup nourishes the system, purifies the blood, and is readily absorbed into the circulation, and thence distributed to the diseased lungs. There it ripens all morbid matters, whether in the form of abscesses or tubercles, and then assists Nature to expel all the diseased matter, in the form of free expectoration, when once it ripens. It is then, by the great healing and purifying properties of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, that all ulcers and cavities are healed up sound, and my patient is cured.

The essential thing to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good ampetite and a good digestion.

PRESIDENT GRANT returned here last evening, and was in his office to-day, where he received quite a large number of visitors. Things about the White House begin to look business like again, and the ante-room this morning was crowded with anxious ones desiring to see the chief magistrate of the republic. In the forcnoon he was visited by the members of the Cab-inet now in town, Solicitor General Bristow, several English clergymen, who have been at-tending the Episcopal Convention in Baltimore, headed by the Lord Bishop of Litchfield; Sen-ator Pool, of N. C.; Senator Rice, of Ark., and several prominent government officials.

THE SOUTH ATLANTIC FLEET .- A letter was received at the Navy Department this mornin from Rear Admiral Joseph Lanman, command ing the South Atlantic fleet, dated Rio de Janeiro, September 9th. He encloses a report from Commander Quackenbush, of the Wasp, dated Moute Video, August 28th, stating that the week previous an engagement took place between the Reds and Whites near the Rio Negro, resulting in the defeat of the government troops with a loss of four guns, and 250 infantry, and half the stock.

THE PATENT AGENTS INJUNCTION AGAINST THE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT .- It will be remembered that about a week since, T. H. Alexander, and others, engaged as patent agents, filed a bill in the Equity Court against the District of Columbia, to enjoin the officers of the District from collecting a license tax from the petitioners, claiming that the license act is illegal as regards them. Col. Cook and Mr. D. E. Cahill appeared in court this morning for the District to answer, and filed a plea and a general and special demurrer, and the case being called was continued one week.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT .- The President to-day made the following appoint-Robert K. Darrah, appraiser of merchandise at Boston, Mass.

Thaddeus C. Defries, collector of customs at Nantucket, Mass. Silas W. Matteson, collector of customs at Dunkirk, N. Y. Edwar Le Favour, appraiser of merchandise at Detroit. Mich. Henry K. Smith, surveyor of customs at Omaha, Neb. George A. Edes, collector of customs at Third Lieutenants in the Revenue Marine Service :- Edmund Burke, Chas. F. Brain, John Morrissey, jr., Wm. K. Orcutt, Wm. H. Hawes, Jas. B. Butt, A. E. Bateman, W. S. Baldwin,

#### Henry B. Rogers, and Albert Buhner. The Estate of Horatio Ames.

REVOCATION OF LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION To-day Judge Wylie, holding a special term without it a cure under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.

The person should be kept on a wholesome and nutritious diet, and all the Medicines continued until the body has restored to it the natural quantity of flesh and strength.

I was myself cured by this treatment of the worst kind of Consumption, and have lived to get fat and hearty these many years, with one lung mostly gone. I have cured thousands since, and very many have been cured by this treatment whom I have never seen. made an order revoking the letters of administration heretofore issued on the estate of Horatio Ames, deceased, to Mrs. Charlotte L. Ames and Cunningham Hazlett, and the latter entered an appeal to the Court in General Term. The de-ceased was a citizen of Connecticut, and died about six months ago, when he had a large claim pending against the government for wrought iron and steel cannon, and, it will be recollected, about a year since an interesting suit growing out of this claim was entered by B. Whitney, private secretary to General Butler, to secure the payment of certain fees alleged to be due him by Ames. At his death the settlement of this claim devolved on the administrators, and the brother of deceased. Oliver Ames who alleges that he is the equitable owner of the claim against the government, took out letters of administration, with the will annexed, at the domicil of deceased in Connecticut, while the widow and Cunningham Hazlett took out letters of administration at the special term here in August last. A few weeks since Mr. E. L. Stanton filed, in behalf of Oliver Ames, a petition asking that the letters granted here be annulled, and that he should be appointed, and the case came up on Tuesday last on petition and answer. Judge Wylie this morning made the order noticed above, deciding that the letters here were improperly granted, as under the act of Congress of 1812 an administrator obtaining letters at the domicil of decedent may proceed on those letters in the District of Columbia without taking out letters in each jurisdiction, and he declined to appoint any administrator here. Judge Leech and Messrs. Hinkle, Ingersoll and Arrick appeared in oppo-sition to the petition and in behalf of the administrators appointed here. The assets expected to be collected here consist of the sums yet to be paid by the government for cannon, and amount to \$40,000 or more.

.... Washington.—A party from Bethel went up Mount Washington one day last week. The thermometer stood at 28 degrees. Everything was covered with frost. The party experienced in their ride every possible variety of weather-rain, hail, snow, frost, heat and cold, shadows and sunshine. The Tip Top House is closed this week. The railroad is busy hau ng up coal for the supply of the party who are again to spend the winter on its summit. Government has provided for the support of two persons to make

GOOD TILL USED .- The New Hampshire courts good until used, notwithstanding the limitation, "good for thirty days only." A coupon of a through ticket issued last June was presented by a passenger for his fare between Lebanon and Concord, and on the refusal of the conductor to receive it and the refusal of the passenger to pay his fare otherwise, the judicial result indi-cated was reached. The decision is in accordance both with justice and common sens).

Christian Meisick et al.

On motion of the complainant, by Mr. Carrington, his solicitor, it is ordered that the defendant, Andrew Benzinger, cause his appearance to be entered herein on or before the first rule day occurring forty days after this day, o'herwise the cause will be proceeded with as in case of default.

True copy. Test:

A. WYLIE, Justice.

R. J. MEIGS, Clerk, oct-w.3t

by L. P. WILLIAMS, Ass't O'erk. Woman's Right to Shoot.—The trial at Cincinnati of Rachel M. Teale for the murder of Henry Teale, her husband, resulted in a verdiet of acquittal on Saturday. The Cincinnati Commercial says the jury were influenced by the notion, apparently gaining in the progress of social reform, that a woman suffering from the wiles or the infidelity of a husband or a paramour, may, "in a proper case," put a bullet through his head, and therefore set her free.

GIVE THE GIRLS A CHANCE.—The Revolu-tion having learned that pretty lady canvassers for women newspapers are going about hugging the men in order to obtain subscribers, says: "If anyone connected with this paper ever resorts to such a course to obtain a subscriber or an ad-vertisement, we beg to be apprised of the fact, that her connection with it may be cancelled at once." Thus it is that poor girls are checked in every attempt to help themselves.

The freshest name for Alexander H. Ste-phens is "a venerable calamity." Amherst College will hereafter withhold all aid from college students who smoke tobacco or drink ardent spirits—and get caught at it.

The Rev. Phæbe Hanaford, of New Haven, has refused to let Mrs. Isabella Hooker into her church, to preach woman-suffrage. England is at last to have a Female Medical College, as a direct means of giving a medical education to ladies similar to that given in hospitals.

without winking. Nothing strange about that. A great many calves outside of Connecticut do the same thing.

# PRESIDENT GRANT AT THE BALTI-MORE HORSE FAIR AND CATTLE SHOW,

[Special Report for The Evening Star.] DOUBLE SHEET. At seven o'clock yesterday morning a com-

mittee of gentlemen managing the Maryland Fair and Cattle Show were at the Northern Central depot, in Baltimore, to meet President Grant and escort him to his rooms at the St. Claire Hotel. Wm. Prescott Smith, Esq., the chairman of committee of reception and invita-tion, extended a cordial invitation to The STAR reporter to make one of the party and visit the Fair Grounds, which invitation was accepted signed the postal treaty between the German The train with the President soon arrived, and though the rain fell in torrents, he did not seen

to be discouraged at the gloomy prospect, but "ACCEPTED THE SITUATION." He was accompanied by Mrs. Grant and two of their children, also Mrs. General Babcock. General Babcock having come from Washington the evening before, took charge of the ladies of the party and escorted them immediately to the Washington depot where they took the train for home. The President, accompanied by Gen. Dent and the committee, proceeded to the St. Claire, where they had breakfast General Dent was a committee on the state of the weather, and proclaimed that the probabilities were that the rain would cease at about 11 o'clock. This was encouraging. Mr. Prescott Smith immediately disappeared, but shortly returned. Informing the party that carriages were at the door to transport them to the cattle show. The President rode with Robert Fulton, Esq., editor of the Baltimore American, and John L. Thomas, Esq., collector of the port of Baltimore. After a ride of about five miles, their children, also Mrs. General Babcock

were reached, and as the party entered the gate it looked as if Gen. Dent's probabilities would be realities. There were evident signs of clearing up, but by some acci-dent a wrong current of wind brought a new relay of clouds, and the sun withheld its rays. The party first visited the stables containing the stables containing

THE PRIZE HORSES,
which were in excellent order. Mr. Fitzgerald,
a short man with gray clothes, striped shirt, and
red neck-kerchief, slouched hat over the eyes. and yellow mustache, explained in a loud tone to the President, the value, age, qualities, and pedigree of each of the animals. "Why," Mr. President, says THE FLUENT FITZGERALD

with his thumbs under the arms of his vest, "that three year old bay stallion there sir, is the fastest runner in the country to-day, pretty quiet till the hears the music up there then he's anxious for to git; only let go your firm hold, tell him what you want, he'll start off like the wind sir; expect to make at 7 000 on him part want. to make \$17,000 on him next year. Why, sir, there aint no such horses as him in Europe, sir; cant make 'em up sir, over there,I tell you; that blue grass country of ours out there is the place: we are going to have all the fast horses in the world sir. I see it, and you know it; cover him up and put him back again. Tony, bring up Frog Town, aint a very poetical name, Mr. President, but she's one of 'em I tell you." Mr. Fitzgerald continues at length to give a detailed account of "Frog Town." remerking to tailed account of "Frog Town," remarking to-wards the close, that they don't often have such distinguished visitors, and he wants to show up all they have. The various stalls were visited; and demerits commented upon by the party The president seemed to enjoy the exhibition quietly remarking occasionally upon a defec in or complimenting the action of some one of the animals. He expressed himself as highly pleased; but beyond manifesting a polite interest in what was being exhibited, the keenest observer would not have detected that inate entausiasm for horse flesh with which he is credited. The next attraction was attraction was

THE CATTLE SHOW, and a magnificent one it is. There has neve been, it is said, a finer collection of cattle in Maryland, probably in America, than this Fine specimens of imported stock were marked with the prize ribbon. A large bull, owned by Governor Bowie, was selected as the finest specimen on exhibition, and the first prize awarded Just as the party left the cattle departmen Governor Bowie drove up with a splendid pair of bays, and, alighting, escorted the Presi-dential party to a reception room in the main fair building, where a lunch, &c., was indulged in. The President seemed a little disappointed that the rainy weather had rendered the trace unfit for use. After a visit to the grand stand from which the beauties of the race course are visible, the party returned to the carriages and proceeded directly to the St. Claire, where Mr Smith had prepared, in one of the parlors, dinner for eight. After a hasty meal the President started for the depot, being escorted by the com-mittee, and embarked with General Dent in the private car of president Garrett for this city, which was reached at 5 o'clock. The President said on the trip that he "had given up going to horse races now, but would probably get back to

# FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. Government Securities.

| Government Securities | Jay Cooke & Co. furnish the following to-day: | Buy's. Sell's. | Buy's. Sell's. | U. 8. 6s. 1881 | 17% 18% 6-20s. Jn & Jy, '85.14% 14% 6-20s. 1862 | 165% 15% 15-20s. Jn & Jy, '87.14% 15 5 20s. 1864 | 165% 15% 16-20s. Jn & Jy, '87.14% 15 5 20s. 1865 | 165% 15% 16-40s | 11% 11% | NEW YORK-FIRST BOARD. | U. 8. 6s. 1881 | 18% 5-20s. Jan.&July, 1867. 14% 6-20s. 1862 | 165% 165% 160. Jan.&July, 1868. 14% 6-20s. 1866 | 165% 165% 160. Jan.&July, 1868. 14% 6-20s. 1865. | 165% 165% 160. Jan.&July, 1868. 14% 6-20s. 1865. | 165% 165% 160. Jan.&July, 1868. 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. 14% | Currency 6s. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1868. | 14% 6-20s. Jan.&July, 1866. | 14% 6-2 Stock Report.

Lewis Johnson & Co. quote stocks and bonds, in bome and foreign markets, as follows:

New York, Oct. 7.—First Board, 10.30 a. m.—
U. S. 6's. 1881, coupon, 118; 5-20's, '62, coupon, 115½; 5-20's, '64, coupon, 115½; 5-20's, '65, coupon, 115½; 5-20's, new, 65, coupon, 114½; 5-20's, '65, coupon, 114½; 5-20's, '68, coupon, 114½; 5-20's, '68, coupon, 114½; 10-40's, coupon, 111½; Carrency 6's, 114¼; Mariposa, 1½; Canton, 77; Cumberland, —: Western Union Telegraph, 65½; Quick silver, 19½; Pacific Mail, 52¼; Boston Water Power, —: Adams' Express, 85½; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 53; American Express, 57½; United States Express, 57½; N. Y. Central and Hudson, 92½. New York Central Scrip, 87½; Erie, 30½; do. preferred, —; Harlem, 130; do. pref'd, —; Reading, 114; Michigan Central, 119; Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, 106½; Union Pacific Railroad, 27½; Illinois Central, 135½; Cleveland and Pittsbu g. 121¾; Northwest, 69%; Northwest preferred, 90½; Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indiagna of 27%; Illinois Central 135%; Cleveland and Pittsbu g. 121%. Northwest, 69%; Northwest preferred, 90%; Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis.—: New Jersey Cent. 169. Rock Island, 110; Milwaukie and St. Paul, 62%; do preferred, 31% of d.; Wabash and Western, 62%; Delaware. Lackawans and Western, 169%; Fort Wayne, 99%; Alton and Terre Haute.—; Hannibal and St. Joseph. 63; Chicago and Alton, 118%; do. pref d, 125 of d; Ohie and Mississippi certificates. 42%; Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central, 20%; Tennessee 68, old. 68, do. new. 67%; Virginia 68, old. 62%; North Carolina 68, old. 42%; do. new.— Missouri 68, 93%; Central Pacific Bonds. 102%; Union Pacific 1st Bonds. 89%. Gold, 114% al14%. Market strong. 89%. Gold, 114% all4%. Market strong.

Baltimore, Oct. 7.—Virginia sixes, old, 52 bid. 52 asked; do., coupon, old, 61% bid; do., new, 70 asked; West Virginias. 26 bid, 27% asked.

Baltimore. Oct. 7.—Cotton quiet; low middlings. 19%. Flour quiet and unchanged; Western family. 73/2as%. Wheat dull; Obio and Indiana. \$1.50a\$1.50. Pennsylvana. \$1.50. Corn quiet and steady; white southern. 75arSc. Oats quiet, 10a53c. Pork firmer and in improved demand on orders. Butter easier: Western—heavy receipts depress the market—10a24c. Whisky firm, \$1.02.

New York. Oct. 7.—Stocks steady and dull. Governments dull and steady. Virginia sixes. 61%: new. 68. North Carolinas, 52%: new. 23. Money firm, 6. Gold strong, 14%. Exchange. long, 5%; short. 9%. New York. Oct. 7.—Flour dull and heavy. Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn dull, and sells slightly in buvers' favor. Markets To-day. buvers' favor.

in buvers' tavor.

New York, Oct. 7.—Shipments of specie to Europe to-day, \$138.452

LONDON. Oct. 7, 12 m.—The Bank of England has advanced its rate of discount one per cent., and it is now five per cent. Cousols opened at 22½ for money and 92½ a92½ for account. Five-twenty bond-of 1862, 22½: 1865. old. 83½: 1887. 92½: 16-40's, 83½.

LONDON, Oct. 7. 1:30 p. m.—Consols closed at 92½ for money and 92½ for account. Five-twenty bond-of 1862, 32½: 1865, old, 92½; 1867, 92; 10-40's 39½.

The Weather,

WAR DEPARTMENT, Office Chief Signal Officer of Washington, D. C. Oct. 7, 1871, 10 a. m.

Synopsis for the past Twenty-four Hours.—
The area of the lowest barometer which was north of Lake Ontario Friday morning, has moved north-castward; that which was in the corth-castward; that which was in the north-west, has extended rapidly over the Mississippi and Ohio valleys southeastward to the Blue Ridge. Temperature has fallen from New York to Wisconsin. and southward to the Gulf, with partially cloudy and smokey weather except on Lake Ontario, and New England. Eain has fallen at all stations on the immediate Atlantic Coast, the heaviest on the Middle and East Atlantic. North and northwesterly winds now prevail north and east of South Carolina. Light southerly winds west of Michigan and Indians.
PROBABILITIES.—Bising barometer with cool northerly winds and clear weather are probable for the rest of the day in the Gulf and South Atlantic States, and the same with diminishing northwest winds from Virginia to Pennsvivania. Cloudiness will probably clear away from New England during the aftersoon; high winds and rising temperature from the Ohio valley northward; increasing southerly winds with falling barometer in the northwest.

Laudanum killed Mr. Bushby, of Iowa. It was furnished by the stupid druggist instead of port wine. nerative, attainable quality in every study and in very pursuit is the quality of attention. My two invention or imagination would never have a ryed me as it has but for the habit of common-p ace, humble, patient, daily, toiling, drudging attention.—[Charles Dickens,

"Financial Irregularity" of "the good old times."

How they Managed the Bond Business Sixty Years Ago—Forged Certificates Amounting to \$46,000 or More—A Father Tempts his Son, and the Son's Testimony Convicts the Father—Nothing Like it Since the Revolutionary War.

The first fraud perpetrated on the Treasury of the United States, of which there is any record, was in 1800 by a clerk named Charles Tomkins, in the office of the Register, and by means of forgery. Tomkins was a native and resident of Baltimore, and entered as bookkeeper in the office of the Register in 1790, and continued there until 1804, when he resigned. While occupying this position he had charge of the stocks generally, and held possession of the public certificates signed in blank by Joseph Nourse, then Register of the Treasury. During the absence of Mr. Nourse in the country, it was usual for him to leave these blanks, signed by him, to be filled up and used if necessary. Tomkins generally filled up the blanks, which were examined by some other person in the office, and on the return of the Register that officer would make a cursory examination, more as a matter of form than as a precaution, having the most unlimited confidence in the integrity of Mr. Tomkins, who was conspicuous for his reputation as a his reputation as a

GOOD AND MORAL MAN. On the 4th of August, 1790, Congress passed an act creating a loan of five millions of dollars, bearing 8 per cent. interest, and redeemable at the pleasure of the government. This loan was negotiated principally by Mr. Clement Biddle, a noted financier of the times, through the Pennsylvania Bank, at Philadelphia. The loan was redeemed from time to time, and the last of it in 1811, and it was not until then that the disin 1811, and it was not until then that the discovery was made in the department of redemp-tion that \$1,000 more had been redeemed than the act authorized. This discovery led to a tedious and perplexing correspondence between the Treasury Department and bank officers, and finally it was developed that finally it was developed that THE SUSPICIOUS CERTIFICATE

was one which had been issued in 1800 in the name of Samuel Spalding, of Philadelphia, through Mr. Biddle, of the loan bank, and from the first book of margin ever used by the govern-ment, dating back to 1791, and the one in use when the scat of government was removed from Philadelphia to this city. AN INVESTIGATION

was ordered by Albert Gal atin, then Secretary of the Treasury, as to the perpetration of the crime, and suspicions were fixed upon Mr. Charles Tomkins, as shown in the following letter to Mr. Biddle

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Register's Office, August, 1811. Sir: After a very minute examination of the scrip certificates which were issued for the Five Million 8 per cent. loan, it is ascertained that one thousand dollars more were issued to an the amount of the scrip certificates. In the scrip amount of the scrip certificates. In the cour of this inquiry a circumstance has been prewhether a certificate for \$1,000, dated Octobe 30th, 1800, issued in your name, and upon which Mr. Charles Tomkins, under a power of attorney from you, received the interest here from 16th June, 1799, to 31st December, 1800, was upon your own account or whether, as he acted here as your agent, it was any way on his account. The certificate was transferred to the Bank of the Loan office of Pennsylvania, in your name, on the 7th January, 1801, and numbered 2061. Very respectfully, JOSEPH NOURSE, Reg. Treasury.

To Clement Biddle, Philadelphia. Subsequent correspondence showed that Mr. Biddle was surprised, and that he knew nothing of the felonious transaction. Great precaution was used by the officials in the matter, and no publicity given to it, by order of the Secretary, until the matter could be unravelled. A search ing examination was entered upon at once, and it was found that some TWELVE BLANK CERTIFICATES HAD BEEN

STRACTED from the margin books, all signed in blank by Joseph Nourse, as Register, the most of them being on the 6 per cent. loan, authorized subsequent to the s per cent. loan. A letter of the Secretary, enclosing Mr. Biddle's letter, was sent to Mr. Nourse, requesting that he lay the papers before the Controller, in order that he might decide on the propriety of instituting a suit for the recovery of the money fraudulently obtained Fears were entertained that further frauds might be discovered, as the missing blanks were still out. There was no doubt left but that Tomkins who had removed to Baltimore, and was living there in a genteel manner, was the guilty party and the fact, too, that he had a son, a sea-faring man, who had suddenly become owner and master of a vessel, and was doing a large mercan-tile business, strengthened the belief that OTHER CERTIFICATES HAD BEEN PORGED.

and on the fruits of which their prosperity was based. On the 20th of September, 1811, the Register received for redemption from Messrs. Gracie & Son, of New York, a certificate for \$15,000 deferred stock, which was at once re-MARKED "COUNTERPEIT,

and soon after another one for \$30,000 of the same character. These both purported to have been drawn March 10th, 1806, in favor of George Sherif, of Bladensburg, Maryland, and bearing six per cent. interest, payable quarter yearly subject to redemption by payments not exceeding in one year, on account both of principal and interest, the proportion of \$8 upon a hundred of the stock bearing interest. Messrs. Gracie & Son were shocked at this intelligence, and in a letter to Mr. Nourse stated that they received it by the last ship from England from their correspondents, Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co., who purchased it in London for their account in part of an order sent them for American stocks, and that they believed it to be the first instance of any fraud of the kind. They further desired the Register "to forward to them some public document relative to it, that they may transmit the same to Lon-don to recover back the money paid, as the endorsement on the back might not be conclusive evidence of the counterfeit;" also stating that it would not be safe to send the certificates until they heard from Messrs. Baring in reply, as, in to show. They also ask: " Pray, does there such a person as George Sherif reside at Bladens burg, and are there any other blank certificates ing from the Treasury? We are fearful that the fraud may have extended further than the ones we have got; and will not the governmen take notice of it and offer a reward for the discovery of the persons who have stolen the blanks?" On this being made known to Mr. Gallatin, he ordered THE ARREST OF TOMKINS, SR.

This was in October, 1811. Tomkins was ther in Philadelphia and his son was about starting on a voyage to Lisbon as master of his own ship the "Justiana," in which he had been cruising to England and other countries. It was sus pected that was connected with his father in the negotiatio

of these certificates, which suspicion proved to be correct, as will be seen. As stated, he was about to leave the port of New York for a long voyage, and after his arrest he was taken befor voyage, and after his arrest he was taken befort Judge Livingston, of New York, to whom he flatly denied all knowledge of the forgery when charged with it and was committed.

Abraham Joy, an intimate friend of Captain Tomkins, was also arrested on board of the sume ship, and when they found themselves in limbo Tomkins, THE YOUNGER, MADE A CONFESSION to Judge Livingston, as follows: That his name, and son of Charles Tomkins of Baltimore, who was forsome years in the office of Joseph Nourse as clerk; that he left the United States in April. 1809, in the ship Wooddrop, Capt. Sims, bound to Liverpool, as a steerage passenger, for the purpose of bringing out his wife; that Abraham Joy went with him as a friend; that Joy's real name is Harrison, and he is a brother to his power of attorney for transferring American stock some time during the past year, executed by Abraham Joy in the name of George Sherif; that the power of attorney was executed before Benjamin Nones, a notary of Philadelphia; never knew Joy to make use of Sherif's name before; Joy gave him (Tomkins) the power of attorney was executed before Benjamin Nones, a notary of Philadelphia; never knew Joy to make use of Sherif's name before; Joy gave him (Tomkins) the power of attorney when executed, at which time no name had been inserted as attorney; kept the power of the arrived in London, when it was deflivered to J. R. Malleson, at the rate of five per cent, svance on the real amount of the certificate in English bank notes. The blank certificate in English bank notes. The blank certificate, which witness received from his father. That he obtained from said Malleson, at the rate of five per cent, svance on the real amount of the certificates, which witness received from his father. That he obtained from said Malleson, at the rate of five per cent, svance on the real amount of the certificates, which witness received from his father. That he obtained from said Malleson, at the rate of five per cent, svance on the real amount of the certificates, which wit Voyage, and after his arrest he was taken before Judge Livingston, of New York, to whom he flatly denied all knowledge of the forgery when charged with it and was committed.

Abraham Joy, an intimate friend of Captain Tomkins, was also arrested on board of the same ship, and when they found themselves in limbo TOMKINS, THE YOUNGER, MADE A CONFESSION to Judge Livingston, as follows: That his name

THE FIRST FRAUD ON THE UNITED all signed as the other, but places left blank for the amounts, and one of which he (Tomkins) filled up with the sum of \$30,000, and which was disposed of by means of the same Malleson at 5% ler cent. advance. This was disposed of by means of a power of attorney executed by said Joy in the name of George Sherif. With this advance of 5½ per cent. he purchased the ship Justiana, commanded by Capt. Joy. The outfit and repairs cost £1,000 more. Other money was loaned, and letters of credit money was loaned. and letters of credit were purchased on Hughes & Duncan, of Liverpool, and of Keller & Forman, of Baltimore, in favor of his mother. The Justiana was an American ship, built at Norfolk, and was 380 tons burthen. His rather told him these blank cartificates would be supplyed to the state of him these blank certificates would be the means of making him independent. His father persuaded him to negotiate them for him. (his father,) and he (young Tomkins) was to have no interest in the monies arising from the sale of them, unless his mother and sister, for whose them. unless his mother and sister, for whose benefit he principally acted, should think proper to purchase a vessel, of which he might go captain. Joy was his brother-in-law, and his real name was Charles Harrison, and was sen of Thomas Harrison of Salter's Hall Court, Canon street, London, an attorney by profession. He (Tomkins) married a daughter of Thomas Harrison in Liverpool in 1810; loaned Harrison (100 of the money progression. loaned Harrison £100 of the money procured for the certificates, for which he took his note on interest, payable in 12 months. He left Liver-

TWO CENTS.

pool in the Justiana, and arrived in New York where he was arrested. Harrison also made a statement to Judge Liv-Harrison also made a statement to Judge Livingston, which corroborated the confession of James Tomkins. The judge afterwards proceeded to Philadelphia, where

TOMKINS THE ELDER
was confined, and found him very reticent, denying all knowledge of the transaction about the abstracted blanks. He owned to having a son

named James, who followed the sea, but had no knowledge of his son's business in going to England, or of having any business connection with him. He contessed that he was in Baltimore when his son sailed for England, but did not think his son filled up the blanks in the certificates. An affidavit was sworn by Joseph Nourse set-ting forth that Charles Tomkins did, on or about

the 30th of October, 1800, utter a false certificate of 8 per cent. stock for \$1,000; that he received the sum of \$1,055 therefor on the 24th day of January, 1801, well knowing the same to be false; and on divers times since, &c., &c. On this affidavit a warrant was made charging him in both criminal and civil suits. He was brought in both criminal and civil suits. He was brought before Judge Livingston, by whom he was com-mitted, to be taken to Baltimore and tried where the offence was committed.

In a letter from A. J. Dallas, the United States Attorney of Philadelphia, to Mr. Nourse, at Washington, he says: "On the 14th instant old Tomkins was brought into court to be committed. Awful to tell, THE SON'S EXAMINATION CONVICTED THE

The old man kept a good front till his son's examination, taken before Judge Livingston, in New York, was read—that moment he clasped his hands together, and his countenance changed. A great discovery, but it is a horrid picture of the times—the father seduces the son, and the son convicts the father! We have had nothing like this since our revolutionary war. like this since our revolutionary war. I wish our itch for extensive commerce may not de-stroy all moral rectitude in our Atlantic States." A SEARCH WARRANT

was issued to the marshal of Maryland district to search the house of Charles Tomkins for the blank certificates, by Judge Scott, chief justice of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and some of the abstracted blanks were found, with many other papers and letters from his son, all going to show his connection with the act, especially with the negotiation in London of the forged Tomkins and his son were taken to Baltimore, and convicted at the trial that same year,

and Harrison, alias Joy, was detained at Phila-deiphia to be tried, where his crime was commit-ted, of forging the power of attorney.

Mr. Nourse and Michael Nourse, with a number of other clerks, and Thomas Sherif, of Bladensburg, were all summoned as witnesses at the trial, which resulted in the conviction of both the elder and younger Tomkins.

were sentenced to the felons prison, but in the following year, 1812, they were pardoned out by President John Adams, on the condition that they assign the property held by them to the United States, which was done, the government recovering most of the amount lost; and making good the deficiency to the holders of the forged stock abroad. BOTH FATHER AND SON

stock abroad. Joy was held for trial as accessory, but on the recommendation of the leading men at that time, Mr. A. J. Dallas, the United States attorney, entered a nolle prosequi, and he was set free, and soon after left the country. This action was also approved by President Adams. What became

of James Tomkins is not known, but from

AN IMPUDENT LETTER PRON TOMKINS, the elder, to Joseph Nourse in the following year, it is presumed that this exposure of his rascalities did not quite crush his spirits. In this letter he charges Mr. Nourse with having had his (Tomkins') house violently broken open, and his trunks and desk ransacked; his private papers taken away and detained, much inconvenience. Also, charging him with denying in his testimony that he ever gave any di-rection on the subject of issuing the eight per cent. stock, while he (Tomkins) then held a written order of his on that very subject; that he likewise endeavored to influence the jury by saying that as a clerk in the department he was prohibited by law from dealing in public stocks, reminding him that such restrictions as related to the clerks were taken off, but retained on the heads of departments; charging that he (Nourse) had purchased, sold and negotiated in a variety of ways, as the public records would show; that in a private circular to the London brokers on the subject of negotiation of stock for them. contracts were entered into by which large emoluments accrued to him; that in his contracts with Baring Bros. & Co., respecting the trans-fering of Louisiana stock for them, he received one dollar for every transfer, and from the vast number it must have been of great emolument. exclusive of the advantages of free postage; that his unwarrantable taking of property from him finishes his persecution of him, and if satisfaction is not given, he (Tomkins) would present a legal application for it through another

source. A BURGLAR IN PETTICOATS .- A few days since a young man named Robert Clark was arrested in Ionia, Michigan, charged with having committed a robbery in Detroit more than one year ago. When arrested Clark was arrayed in all the fashionable fixings belonging to a girl of the period, and at the hotel where he boarded was looked upon as a young Miss just from boarding school, and who, to lull suspicion, said that she was waiting for the arrival of her father from California. After the robbery in Detroit Clark fled the place, and donning female apparel managed for the space of one year to escape recognition from his most intimate acquain-tances. At one time, being hard pressed for money, he hired out as a waiter girl at Milwaukee, and actually promised to marry a young man. Clark, after being arrested related many amusing adventures of his with young girls with whom he became acquainted while personating that sex.

THE TIME OF GOLDSMITH MAID .- The conon the Milwaukee track is still a subject of newspaper controversy. Mr. Bonner publishes in the Ledger a correspondence between himself and Mr. Haswell, of New York, in which the latter writes that the track of the Milwaukee course, from its want of boundary, is not a proper one for a horse to make a record of time

Andy Johnson is going to take a "swig" round the circle with ex-Governor Randall.

The Northwood (Iowa) Pioneer publishes the cards of five physicians resident in that small town, and argues therefrom the necessity of laying out a new cemetery.

## TELEGRAMS TO THE STAR. This Afternoon's Dispatches. REPORTED INDIAN LAND FRAUDS.

Citizens of the District of Columbia

said to Be Implicated. (Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.) NEW YORK, Oct. 7, 1871.-The Times publishes

this morning from its Washington correspondent an astounding exposure just brought to light by an investigation under authority of the Interior Department of gross frauds and irregularities in the issue of Chippewa land serip, under the treaty of 1854, by which a bounty of eighty acres of land was granted to the half-breeds of the "Chippewas of Lake Superior" who were heads of families, or males of 21 years and upwards. Several hundred alleged fraudulent applications were granted and scrip issued thereon. The amount of land involved is said to be sixty thousand scres, valued at upward of \$180,000. The commissioners who made the investigation and now make the report assert that they have abundant evidence of the complicity of ex-Commissioner Dole in this improper issue of this scrip.

L. E. Webb, ex-Indian Agent; Franklin Steel, of Georgetown, D. C.; N. W. Kittson, Isaac Van Etten, and several other citizens of St. Paul, are also said to be implicated.

### ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS. STIRRING NEWS FROM MEXICO. Juarez Inaugurated as President.

I General Revolution Also Inaugurated. MENICO, Sept. 12, via MATAMORAS .- Juarez was installed as President last night amid great excitment. There are rumors of a change Pedro Martinez has issued a prenunciamento

near Galtiano, in Larrallon, and another in Ca-Generals Marquiz, Porra and Escupero; and Colonels Rojas and Dalli have pronounced against Juarez in Sinaloa. General Porra is is the defeated candidate for Governor

The President's Message. MEXICO, Sept. 20, via MATAMORAS.—All is quiet here. The President's message is conciliatory, but firm. It recommends material im provements, the building of railroads, and the protection of the coast. It also sanctions the making of treaties with foreign nations.

A Big Revolution Started. MATAMORAS, Oct. 2.—There is another great revolution in Mexico. The State of Nueva Leon takes the lead, The famous Gen. Pedro Martinez has pronounced in Gaelena against the Juarez government, and was immediately seconded by Gens. Jeropino and Travino, the government is a superior of the government. onded by Gens. Jeromino and Trevino, the gov-ernor of Nueva Leon, together with all the State authorities and several other chieftains. Their combined forces are said to be marching on Comargo and Matamoras with the view of occupying the custom-house on the frontier. The first step taken by the authorities of Nueva Leon was to throw into prison all employes of the federal government. It is expected this movement will be seconded by the neighboring States, and that the revolution will become general. Gen. Portirio Diaz is reported to have said he would march against those who should pronounce against the Juarez government, but his loyalty is much doubted. Matamoras and the frontier are yet quiet. Nevertheless the merchants feel very anxious about coming merchants feel very anxious about coming events. Gens. Palairo and Cortina have issued a proclamation to the soldiers under their respective commands, and to the citizens of the frontier in general, to stand and fight for the Junger government. Juarez government. Great preparations are being made in Matamoras for the defence of the city if attacked, and all the cavalry has left for the front. The telegraph is only working as far as Mere, and no further news is reported at this hour. Great excitement is reported from all parts of Mexico on account of such stirring

FROM EUROPE TO-DAY. Telegraphed Exclusively to The Evening Star.

Policy of the New Ministry of Spain Madrid, Oct. 7.—Sagosta will use his influ-ence in favor of the adoption of a radical policy by the new government. Piellan has been ap-pointed Captain General of Madrid, and Merelo General of the City. Senor Balagner administers the affairs of the Department of State ad interim.

Advices received here from Melilla state that the revolt of Kabyles menaces only the dominions of the Sultan of Turkey, who has sent troops to restore order. The Spanish garrison of Melilla will take no part in the operations against Kabyles, unless some insult should be offered to the Spanish fiag. The cause of the outbreak was the establishment of a Moorish custom house on the coast.

Cholera Abating in Constantinople. CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 7.—The progress of the cholera has been checked, and the alarm which was felt concerning the spread of the epidemic is subsiding.

The French-German Commercial Paris, Oct. 7.—Victor Lefranchas been ap-pointed Provisional Minister of Finance, to act during the absence of Ponger Quertier, who will go to Berlin to secure the ratification of the ommercial treaty, notwithstanding the visit of General Manteuffel to Versailles for a similar

The Cherokees En Route for Their New Homes.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 7.—John D. Lang, of the Board of Indian Commissioners, and Colonel Cox. of the Interior Department with three car loads of Cherokee Indians, passed through here last night en route for the Indian Territory, A large number will soon follow. The party was in charge of Colonel H. A. Barnes, general freight and ticket agent of the Memphis and Charleston railroad, who has made a contract with the government to transport the remainder of the Cherokee tribe.

A Tammany Ring Case Postponed. New York, Oct. 7.—The case in which Jas. H. Ingersoll, one of the city contractors, was summoned for examination was resumed this morning in the Supreme Court before Judge Ingraham. Gen. Barlow and Geo. C. Barrett, counsel for the citizens' committee of seventy, wanted to proceed, but ex-Judge Fullerton ob jected, because his associate counsel for the de-fence, Mr. Stoughton, had not arrived. The case was postponed to Monday, when the de-fendant will move to set aside the order com-

"Treating" Drovers.

Topeka, Kan., Oct. 7.—A party of Kansas cattle drovers at Abeline yesterday spent most of the day going around the town and forcing the business men to treat them with liquor. Finally a disturbance occurred, and in attempting to quell it the city marshal wounded one drover and accidentally killed another. General Bowerman Convicted.
BALTIMORE, Oct. 7.—In the United States Dis

pelling the defendant to appear in court for ex-

trict Court, in the case of General R. N. Bowerman, late deputy collector, charged with em-bezzlement, the jury to-day rendered a verdict of guilty on the first four counts of the indictment, and not guilty on the fifth. Sentence was deferred. Church and State in Germany

MUNICH. Oct. 7.—Forty-seven members of the party of progress have interpellated the gov-ernment concerning its attitude on the church question. The government promised to make an early reply.

First Race at Jerome Park. JEROME PARK, Oct. 7.—The weather is favorable, but the track is heavy. The attendance is not large. In the first race, handicap sweep-stakes, mile and a quarter, nine horses started. Ortolan was the winner. Time: 2:20.

FALL STOCK PAPERHANGINGS, &c., Now open, embracing Gilt Papers, Plain Tints for Finishing, Plain or Panneling, with Gilt Rod. Imitation Wood for Panneling, with a full line of Satin, French, and lower grades of Papers, with appropriate Borders.

Also, Window Shades, Picture Frames, Picture Cord and Tassels, Rings, Nalls, &c.

Also, a limited number of Paintings, Engravings and Chromos. Decoration Paperhanging of every description executed in a superior manner. Orders for Paperhanging, Window Shades or Picture Frames punctually filled.

Terms Cash.

Please remember name and number.

J. MARKRITER,

4867th street, between D and E streets.

New No. 439.

The Paintings, Engravings and Chromos on our walls will be offered for the next week at 20 per cent. less than market prices.

FROM THE CHLERRATED
SCHORACKER & CO.
FACTORY, PHILADELPHIA, PENN., ITTEV
which for beauty of tone and elegance of finish excess
all other. For eale or rent at reasonable terms; also
those sweet toned BURDETTE CELESTE PARLOR ORGANS, by CARL RIGHTER, Agt.,
se 23-17 933 Fenns. ave., bet. Sh and loth sts.

DE. WHITE.

CHIROPODIST,

No. 635 15TH street, opposite U. S. Treasury,
Washington, D. C., and No. 7 Borth Charles street,
Baltimore, encoessfully trease
Baltimore, encoessfully trease
CORES, BUNIOMS,
Club and Ingrowing Halls, Chilbleins, and other discusses of the Feet, without pain or inconvenience to
the patient. The shoe can be worn with ease immediately after the operation. Refers to the many eminent physicians, surgeons and thousands of other
well-known and responsible persons who patronise
his establishment.

COLUMBIAN COLLEGE,

WASHING TON, D.C.
The PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT of this
Gollege opens September 13, 1671.

COLLEGIATE—September 20.
THEOLOGICAL—October 2.

LAW—October 11.

Toung men wishing to enter either of the departments should be present at the commencement of the term.

Tor further information inquire of WM. STICK—REY, Secretary and Treasurer.

auli-th m.22.